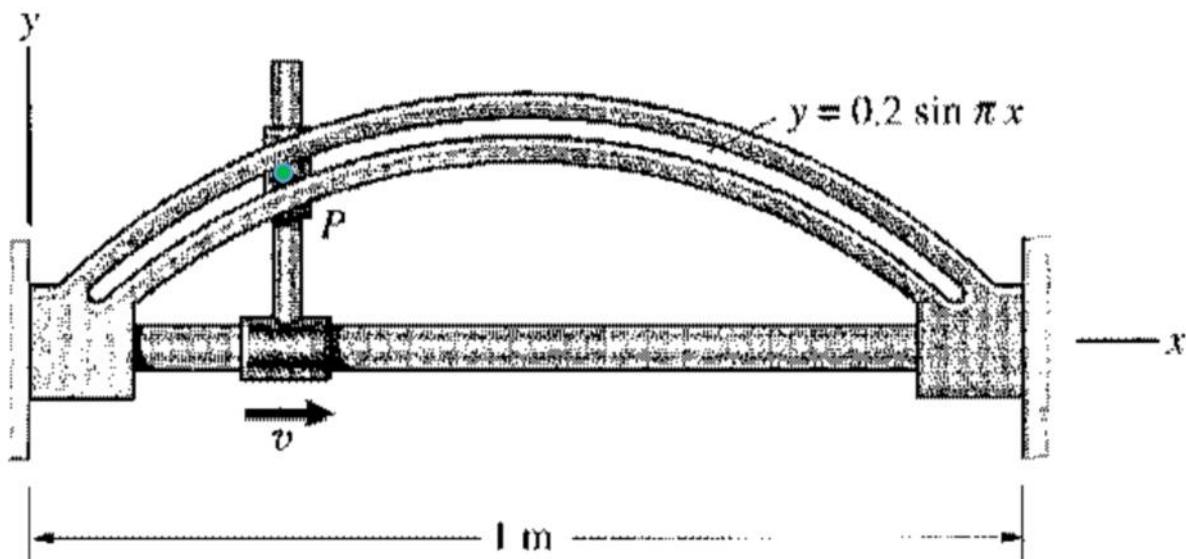


Dynamics midterm q1

Thursday, December 2, 2021 5:47 PM

The constant velocity $v = 2 \text{ m/s}$. What are the magnitudes of the velocity and acceleration of point P when $x = 0.25 \text{ m}$?



$$y = 0.2 \sin \pi x \quad (1)$$

$$(1) \rightarrow \dot{y} = \frac{dy}{dt} = 0.2\pi \frac{du}{dt} \cos \pi u \Rightarrow \dot{y} = 0.2\pi \dot{x} \cos \pi x \quad (2)$$

$$(2) \ddot{y} = \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} = 0.2\pi \left(\frac{du}{dt} \right)^2 \cos \pi x - 0.2\pi^2 \left(\frac{du}{dt} \right)^2 \sin \pi x \Rightarrow$$

$$\ddot{y} = 0.2\pi \ddot{x} \cos \pi x - 0.2\pi^2 (\dot{x})^2 \sin \pi x \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 0.25 \text{ m} \\ \dot{x} = 2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \Rightarrow \ddot{x} = 0 \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

$$(4) \text{ into (2)} \Rightarrow \dot{y} = 0.2\pi (2) \cos (0.25\pi) = 0.8886 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\boxed{\dot{y} = 0.8886 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}$$

$$\text{At } x = 0.25 \text{ m} \quad \begin{cases} v_x = \dot{x} = 2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \\ v_y = \dot{y} = 0.8886 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \end{cases} \quad |v| = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2} \quad |v|_{x=0.25 \text{ m}} = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2}$$

$$\vec{r} = \vec{v} \cdot t + \vec{r}_0$$

$$\Rightarrow |\vec{r}|_{x=0.25m} = \sqrt{2^2 + 0.8886^2} = 2.1885 \frac{m}{s} \Rightarrow |\vec{r}|_{x=0.25m} = 2.1885 \frac{m}{s}$$

(4) into (3) $\ddot{\vec{y}} = 0.2\pi \times (0) \cos(0.25\pi) - 0.2\pi^2 (2)^2 \sin(0.25\pi)$

$$= -5.5831 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$\ddot{\vec{y}} \Big|_{x=0.25m} = -5.5831 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$\vec{\alpha} \Big|_{x=0.25m} = -5.5831 \hat{j} \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$|\vec{\alpha}| \Big|_{x=0.25m} = 5.5831 \frac{m}{s^2}$$